

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL
GREEN ATLET., AND OTHER VIED AND FOVED.
PRENTICE, HENDERSON, & OSBORNE,
PROPRIETORS.

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GEO. D. PRENTICE, Editor.
PAUL LUCAS, Liner and Reporter.
TUESDAY, APRIL 1, 8 A.M.

Florida.—The intelligence from this State is most cheering. We cannot doubt it that it foreshadows a speedy revolution in the public sentiment and public action of the people.

Florida is clearly destined to a very early return to her allegiance. With the chief of her magnificent ports and the whole of her Eastern division in the possession of the Government, with the power of the Government in the hands of so discreet and temperate an officer as Gen. Sherman, with the people of Florida East already asking publicly to come back to their allegiance, and with their judicious movement these citizens have set on foot to bring their State back with them, the result desired can hardly be long deferred. We should not be astonished if within sixty days Florida were in the Union again actively as well as actually and rightfully. Tennessee must look to her laurels!

We cannot forbear to call especial attention to the movement of the loyal citizens of East Florida. It has a direct and wholesome bearing on that great question of restoration or reconstitution which promises soon to be the only question concerning the rebellion. And in this relation the proclamation of General Sherman is also worthy of especial attention.

The telegraph describes the proclamation as follows:

Gen. Sherman issued a proclamation to the people of East Florida, saying that he had come to protect the loyal citizens and entitle them to receive the same protection. The sole object of the government is to maintain the integrity of the constitution and laws, and reclaim revolted States to their allegiance.

The genuine loyalty and sound judgment which have distinguished General Sherman's policy herefore appear very conspicuously in this proclamation. It proclaims the right thing in the right way. In a word, it proclaims truth and skilfully the actual policy of the Government.

The purpose of the people to this proclamation is thus given by the telegraph:

A recent meeting of the loyal citizens of Jacksonville on the 1st, voted to secede from the United States, and the act of secession adopted by Florida is void, and is required to be rescinded; that the State of Florida be admitted to the Union for the purpose of ratifying the present all acts of the convention depriving them of their rights as citizens of the United States.

The rebels denounced the despotism which denied them the freedom of speech and of the press, and forced contributions of money, labor, and entertainment from the people, and they are compelled forthwith to organize a State Government, and that the United States Government be asked to keep a sufficient military force to keep the rebels in permanent subjection.

This response is suited to fill the breast of every patriot with joy and confidence. It points out the straight way back from the present revolutionary chaos up to the old constitutional order and tranquillity, and at the same time shows that the loyal citizens of Florida are resolved on behalf of the State to tread in that way at the swiftest possible pace. Heaven speed them.

The course of action recommended by the meeting at Jacksonville appears to us to be the true course in respect to every succeeding State. We think it offers a complete solution of the whole problem of restoration. The end to be accomplished in a given State is the reconstruction or reorganization of the State authorities. Nothing more. This is universally conceded amongst loyal men. But how are the State authorities constituted in the first place? How were the authorities of Kentucky constituted in 1772? How were the authorities of Florida constituted in 1847? How are the authorities of every new State constituted? Through a convention. Such is the regular mode. The people assembled in convention direct the election of State officers at a specified time in a specified manner, whereupon such officers are duly elected, and the State authorities are constituted. Now, if a State is so rarely and remarkably unfortunate as to lose her authorities in a body, whether by treason or pestilence or some other deadly scourge, she is thereby merely thrown back into the condition she was in at the outset, and in order to constitute her authorities again she has merely to repeat the process which she went through with at first. The process is as valid in one instance as it is in the other. The process in both instances is the same. Its constitution is only constitution iterated.

Florida is to-day without authorities. Seventeen years ago to-day she was as respects this point in the same condition. She was then a State of the Union as she now is. What did she do then? How did she constitute her authorities? We have seen. Her people in convention directed the election of State officers, and the State authorities are constituted. Now, if a State is so rarely and remarkably unfortunate as to lose her authorities in a body, whether by treason or pestilence or some other deadly scourge, she is thereby merely thrown back into the condition she was in at the outset, and in order to constitute her authorities again she has merely to repeat the process which she went through with at first. The process is as valid in one instance as it is in the other. The process in both instances is the same. Its constitution is only constitution iterated.

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SECRET ORGANIZATION OF TRAITORS IN THE FREE STATES.—A few days ago the subject of a letter written by Dr. Hopkins in regard to a secret league of traitors in the non-slavery states under the name of the Knights of the Golden Circle was brought to the consideration of Congress. Two members of the House of Representatives, Mr. Chandler and Mr. Howard, both of Michigan, attested the existence of the letter. It has since been published in the Detroit Tribune and reprinted in some of the New York papers. It gives an account of the success of Hopkins, its author, in organizing branches of the treasonable conspiracy in several of the states, and refers in plain terms to its object which is to raze against the Government of the United States and aid the rebels in their overthrow. Unquestionably the letter will now be laid before the public in a form that will preclude all dispute as to its genuineness. For some time past we have not doubted the existence of a Northern rebel organization, small to be sure in numbers but fierce and virulent in purpose. We could name several newspapers, which, beyond all question in our minds, are conducted under the influence and for the furtherance of its objects. Those papers profess indeed to be loyal to the Union, for they are afraid of the swift retribution that they know would follow any open exhibition of treason, but they diligently devote themselves to the selection and publication of such matter as they deem calculated to dispirit the friends of the Union and to encourage the rebels, and they expend and find their reward in the liberal patronage of rebels off. In this case, there was decidedly less discredit in bungling than in being bungled.

The New York Evening Post, one of the ablest and most respectable papers in the country, says that the testimony of the two Michigan members of Congress to the existence of the rebel conspiracy in the North was not necessary. It says that the Knights of the Golden Circle have for months had their clubs in New York city—that the noted rebel General, Gustavus W. Smith, and his deputy, Lovell, belonged to it before they joined the Southern army. It adds that so confident were these plotters at one time of success that they began to indulge in threats of vengeance against those who supported the United States Government, and it refers to the ease of a prominent citizen, who, speaking zealously on the side of the Confederacy, was beaten to a pulp by the rebels.

The rebel Generals are careful to keep in the immediate neighborhood of railroads. Their plan is, when they are whipped, to save themselves by railing.

We deem it highly probable that the present week is destined to be the most eventful of all the contests against the heresy of secession, as far as we can judge from the most reliable information to hand.

A prominent Kentuckian from the interior of the State writes to us as follows:

To the Editors of the Louisville Journal: I have just returned from a visit to the Ohio Legislature, and am happy to be able to say that my expectations regarding the Northern insurrection, and that there would have been no popular feeling in that section had not declared itself with irresistible energy on the side of the Constitution.

The Michigan members of Congress affirm that one of the effects of the conspiracy has been to get some of the worst enemies of the Union and the Constitution into the army, where they now are, and working upon that number of leading men outside, that fully three-fourths of the people of the States are utterly disloyal and disinterested, and that the South is in favor of the rebellion. This may account for the conduct, otherwise inexplicable, of some of our military officers in high positions, and afford a strong argument in favor of the frequent promulgation, among the rebels, of the bitterest and most scurrilous invective, no matter what may be the plan or necessity necessary for so doing, and I was assured from sources that I deemed reliable that Ohio would resist any interference by the General Government with slavery in the States, and that the people of Ohio are strongly disloyal.

I am satisfied that the people of Ohio entertain a very cordial and decided interest in the welfare of Kentucky, and that they would extend, if need be, material aid to us in perpetuating our constitutional rights in this blood-bought and God-blessed Union.

I was further induced to believe from some remarks made by radical Republicans that they fear a civil war if they do not promptly make up their minds to a defeat in the ensuing elections in that State.

There will be coalition of the straight or Union Democracy with the Union or conservative Republicans next fall, at which time the radicals will suffer a Waterloo defeat.

John P. MORTON & CO.,

Opposite the Louisville Hotel,

Are receiving daily new styles of

Brussels and Ingrain Carpeting,

Star Carpeting, Velvet Rugs,

Door Rugs, 4-4 Straw Mattings,

Lace and Damask Curtain Goods,

Window Shades, Fixtures, &c.

Promised and careful attention will be paid to orders.

MERCHANTS OF VINTAGE CO. LTD. AT 212½ W. Main street, opposite the Hotel, are now receiving their Spring stock of

WALL PAPER

Are now receiving their Spring stock of

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TUESDAY, APRIL 1, 1862.

RIVER AND STEAMBOAT MATTERS.

The river is falling slowly at this point, with 8 feet 8 inches water in the canal. The weather is clear, warm, and dry.

The Cumberland river is falling fast, and the larger class of boats are leaving Nashville.

The B. J. Adams left Nashville yesterday morning.

The Telegraph arrived from Nashville yesterday, and is awaiting a return trip.

The Boston No. 2 arrived from the Big Sandy yesterday with a portion of General Garfield's baggage.

We are indebted to Mr. G. W. Asher, of the Big Gray Eagle, for favors.

The splendid steamer Superior, Captain Whittemore, is the mailboat for Cincinnati at noon to-day.

The Lancaster No. 3, Captain Strader, will leave for Madison and Carrollton at the usual hour this afternoon.

The Undine, Captain Woodburn, will leave for Nashville at 10 o'clock this morning.

The J. H. Hallman, Captain McCarty, is advertising to leave for Wheeling and Pittsburg at 4 o'clock.

The Star Gray Eagle, Captain Hustlester, is the regular packet for Henderson at the usual hour this afternoon.

We learn from the Cincinnati Commercial that the officers of the steamer Clampon No. 4, on their late trip up from Nashville, brought with them an iron 6 pound gun, which was captured at Fort Zollicoffer. They presented it to Captain Amos Shinkle, the owner of the boat, who has placed it in the armor, on Greenup street, where the stamp of a Nashville maker, and is a rough-looking affair.

The Minotaur, Bellied, loaded and bound for St. Louis, sank at Liverpool Landing, Illinois river, on Friday morning at six o'clock. The St. Louis Democrat says she had landed at the place named, stayed a few minutes, had transacted her business, and the order to cast the lines loose was given, when her commander, Captain DeWitt, was informed that the boat was in a sinking condition.

He was incredulous, but soon found the report to be true. Being fully loaded she could not be prevented from going down, and in a few seconds the water reached the floor of the ladies' cabin. No lives were lost, but quickly did the boat sink so that a hole had to be cut in the floor of the ladies' cabin in order to extricate three deck hands, who had so far failed to make their escape. The Gay Paree, Liverpool for St. Louis while the boat was bound for New Orleans, was captured at the same time.

The Locomotive, for recumbent patients and the like; they save at least half in weight, and their general conformation is much more readily adapted to their carriage and the comfort of the wounded. The French litter has canvas bottoms with curious, Mr. Proul uses leather bottoms which precludes the necessity of the cushions and adds to the compactness and portability of the saddle. The European pack saddles to which the ambulances are attached will not adapt themselves easily to an animal's back but must "wobble." Mr. Proul sees the McClellan pack-saddles, which enter any curvature of the equine spine and is fitted so exactly by pads that it sits with great precision preventing shifting and any movement of the ambulance. The French are suspending, but Mr. Proul has them from the bottom of the ambulances, which are thus kept firmly on the animals, so as not to jar the patient. The litters and chairs are bolted fast to the saddle of the French, but Mr. Proul has them arranged than by straps, with snap-hocks, that can be detached; a litter may be hung on one side and a chair on the other, or two of each may be suspended, and when they are detached the litter or the chair can be removed by hand from the horse's back to the hospital without disturbing the wounded occupant. The folding of the litter and chair is greatly simplified; there is the least possible machinery and that is no way complicated, and with the folding and the encircling the pack can be so perfectly adjusted that the weight can be carried with entire safety on one side of the animal only. As the litters and chairs can be detached, a litter may be used as an aid.

Brown's BRONCHIAL TROCHES cannot be packed too highly. We have seen them and received great benefit from them. They are recommended to us by one of our best physicians, Try them, reader, if you are suffering from any of the complaints for which they are recommended.—Concord Standard.

Mr. Proul's ambulances complete will not be more than seventy pounds or about half that of the French, and a complete set will cost more than fifty dollars, which is a great reduction on the European price. There are other improvements which will suggest themselves to the eye of those who examine this excellent invention. The old litter had a footboard and was square at its extremity, which rendered it liable to frighten the animal by bumping in contact with its head and to catch in branches of trees or other obstructions. Mr. Proul has done away with the board, and carved the foot of the litter. In both the litter and the chair the position of the wounded is much more convenient, while the fact that either can be detached and used separately is its crowning achievement. Convenience, economy, economy of time, comfort to the wounded, cheapness, compactness, and lightness of weight have all been considered by Mr. Proul, and he has achieved complete success in every particular.

We are authorized to announce Colonel C. Green as a candidate for the office of Coroner of Jefferson county at the approaching August election. The position of Coroner in a populous locality is an important one, and the duties are of a delicate and peculiar nature. Colonel Green has had experience in the performance of these duties, and has shown himself eminently qualified for the important trust on the score of humanity and zeal in the discharge of his duties.

In time of war, the Coroner is the first man to whom our old friend was dedicated in his affection for the Union, and has been faithful under circumstances in which his loyalty has been subjected to a severe test. We presume the field will be yielded to the Colonel without question. We have no doubt in his ability to make a glorious race.

BOARD OF TRADE.—The first annual meeting of the Board of Trade will be held at half past seven this evening, in the Common Council Chamber, for the election of officers and permanent organization. We are happy to find that much interest has been manifested in the business of the Board, and that it will commence with a large list of business and under the auspices of those who are determined that it shall be a success.

REBEL PRISONERS.—The steamer Key West passed from Nashville about one o'clock yesterday, having on board a number of rebel prisoners, among them two negroes and a Captain, taken by force at New Albany. The New Albany rebels say the negroes are anxious to take the oath of allegiance when they arrive at Camp Chase, Columbus, deeming they were impressed into the rebel service.

Dr. R. W. Wilkes has removed his wife and family from Fourth street to No. 406, north side Main, three doors below Fourth.

Dr. E. Collins, formerly Secretary of State, and recently surgeon of the Fifty-first Indiana regiment, died at his residence in Indiana a few days since.

Michael Murphy, E. A., esencted bond yesterday before Judge Monroe, of the County Court, as a Notary Public for Jefferson county.

There are at present thirty-five prisoners in the military prison in this city, who will be sent to Camp Chase to-morrow.

His Excellency Governor Magoffin and Col. John W. Fennell arrived in the city last evening from Frankfort.

Parson Brownlow is expected at Indianapolis this week. The hospitalities of the State have been tendered him.

Eighty-five sick soldiers from New Albany were received at the hospitals in this city on Sunday.

Parson Brownlow is announced to lecture in Cincinnati on Friday evening.

We are indebted to Mr. J. C. Snyder for Nashville papers of yesterday.

(For the Louisville Journal.)

A CARD.—The Citizen of the Second Ward, having made a request through the columns of the Journal of School Trustee in this city, I beg to inform you, that a majority of the citizens of the ward, expressed in a meeting called for the purpose, I will cheerfully comply with the request, though the office is certainly not one of the most important.

J. RUSSELL HAMILTON.

MARRIED.—In this city on Monday evening at half past 7 o'clock, Mrs. Dolly A., wife of the late Gen. Wm. F. Barker, in the fifth month of her marriage, MARY CARMELL SWARTZ, relief of Alexander Swartz, of Kidder county, Ireland, in the sixteenth year.

DR. S. G. Henry acknowledges the receipt of a box of hospital luxuries from Mrs. Julia Tevis, Shiloh Valley, Kentucky, for which she will accept her grateful thanks in behalf of the soldier.

THEATRE.—A crowded audience was attracted last evening by Miss Adah Menken's performance of the Three Fast Women, and it will be repeated to-night.

Miss Winnie Scott tends her herbs to the ladies of Chillicothe, Ohio, for a time entertaining delicacies for the sick; also a barrel of eggs.

The gallant Colonel Pennebaker, of the Twenty-seventh Kentucky Regiment, is in the city on brief leave of absence from his command.

The gravest cover closed over a better or braver heart than beat in his bosom of Herkimer.

NOTICES OF THE DAY.

FIRST LARGE SALE OF SPRING CLOTHING.—Messrs. G. Henry & Co. will sell this morning, at 10 o'clock, one of the choicest lots of clothing ever offered at auction in this city. Country and city buyers will do well to attend this sale.

MEETING OF THE UNION VOTERS OF THE SECOND WARD AT TURNER'S HALL ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, FOR THE PURPOSE OF NOMINATING A CANDIDATE FOR SCHOOL TRUSTEE, &c. A FULL MEETING IS DESIRED.

The Telegraph arrived from Nashville yesterday, and is awaiting a return trip.

The Boston No. 2 arrived from the Big Sandy yesterday with a portion of General Garfield's baggage.

We could never be the property of the very high tawn crown hats worn by army officers. They are neither good looking or comfortable, and we are glad to see that Messrs. Green & Green have introduced a hat much more agreeable to the sight and more comfortable to the wearer.

The ladies of the Seventh ward are requested to meet this morning, at ten o'clock, at the house of A. C. Cochran, Esq., full and punctual attendance is earnestly requested, as matters of deep interest will be presented for their consideration.

PORTRAITS OF UNION OFFICERS.—Mr. Walker has admirable photographic likenesses of the leading Union officers of his army, including General Sturgis, General Johnson, General Schopff, General Wool, General Crittenden, General McCook, General Rousseau, General Henry, General Thomas, General Fry, and Col. Briscoe.

BY C. O. SPENCER.—PIANIST AND CONCERT PIANIST.

MACHEREL, SOUPS, INDIGO, SPICES, TOBACCO, CIGARS, WHISKY, AND WINES.

A AUCTION.

THIS SATURDAY, APRIL 1, 1862, AT 10 o'clock, AT ANTHONY'S HOTEL, NO. 520 Main street, will be sold a small and valuable lot of the above Goods, consisting of

100 yards blue Bleached Cottons of different brands, 900 dozen Eggs, 500 dozen Haw Haw, a large quantity of Irish Linen, 225 Fine EMBROIDERED CLOTHS, a splendid assortment of white, fancy, and Mansard cloths, together with 6 pieces Satin and an unusual assortment of Novelties.

WE call the attention of country and city merchants to the extensive sale, at which they can lay in stores at great reduced prices. The lots are arranged to suit all buyers. Goods now ready for examination.

TERMS: cash.

L. KAHN & CO., Auctioneers.

BY D. G. HENRY & CO.

ON TUESDAY NEXT, APRIL 1, AT 10 o'clock, AT THE HOTEL, WILL BE SOLD,

THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCKS OF SPRING GOODS OFFERED THIS SEASON. The Good consists of a large lot of LADIES' FINE DRESS GOODS, including LINEN, COTTON, SILK, SATIN, &c.

THESE ARE THE THREE FAST WOMEN.

THIS EVENING (Tuesday, April 1), will be performed at Turner's Hall, a new Extravaganza, written and composed by F. A. FAIRCHILD, and entitled "FAIRIES IN MEN"—in which Miss Adah Menken will personate the greatest "Champion Females" in the best band in the country. Miss Adah Menken is a

"bona fide" actress, and is to appear in 3 scenes, and a house.

PRIVATE BOXES \$5. DRESS Circle Box, \$2. Second Tier \$10 to 12.

FOR particu-lar, see small bill.

L. KAHN & CO., Auctioneers.

READY.—MADE CLOTHING.

MESS'S SATINET and Cashmere Pantaloons.

Borg " " " Coat.

Also a large variety of Velvet Tapestry, Ingrain, and Embroidered Baskets.

Also 40 pairs Satinet and Cashmere.

For City and County buyers will do well to attend this sale.

S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers.

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THIS EVENING (Tuesday, April 1), will be performed at Turner's Hall, a new Extravaganza, written and composed by F. A. FAIRCHILD, and entitled "FAIRIES IN MEN"—in which Miss Adah Menken will personate the greatest "Champion Females" in the best band in the country. Miss Adah Menken is a

"bona fide" actress, and is to appear in 3 scenes, and a house.

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